MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 11, 1770.

ROME, *September* 7.

WE are in daily Fear leſt ſome Troubles ariſe in Italy, on Account of the French having taken Poſſeſſion of Corſica, which the Engliſh cannot look on with a favourable Eye.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *Sept.* 18. On the 15th Inſtant, the Head of the late Viſir was brought hither from Adrianople, and was expoſed for Three Days near the Gates of the Inner Court of the Seraglio, and nobody was allowed to approach near it.

The Plague ſtill continues, and is broken out with great Violence at Pera.

MADRID, *Oct.* 3. The laſt Letters from Cadiz adviſe, that Five Engliſh Officers belonging to Commodore Spry's Ship, which lay at Anchor in that Bay, were arreſted by the Cuſtom-Houſe Officers as they were returning on board, on account of having about them 3000 Piaſtres in Specie, the Exportation of which is prohibited. The Commodore immediately demanded his Officers, but was told they could not be releaſed without an expreſs Order from Court; upon which he weighed Anchor and put to Sea. What will be the Conſequence of this, Time will ſhew.

WARSAW, *Oct.* 7. The Senate continue their Deliberations in the Preſence of the King. Many Magnates declared that the Turks, ſo far from having any Grounds to impute to the Poles, the Infringement of the Treaty of Carlowitz; they themſelves had, on the contrary, been the firſt to make a Breach in it, by burning down 10 Towns, and 200 Villages, which belonged to Prince Lubomirſki, at the very Time that the Republic, truſting on the faith of the Treaty, thought herſelf ſheltered from ſuch Exceſſes.

A Spectacle, very capable of inſpiring every one with Pity, has preſented itſelf before us for ſome Days paſt: Nine Gentlemen, who had their Hands cut off at the Wriſt, have been conveyed to this Place. This cruel Execution was perpetrated by the Orders of Gen. Drewitz, and, by ſome, is ſaid to be done by himſelf. The Grand General of Lithuania has taken great Care of thoſe unfortunate People, and intends to provide for their Maintenance.

Oct. 11. This City continues to enjoy the moſt perfect Tranquillity, and, ſince the Defeat of the Turks, the Confederates dare not make their Appearance in this Neighbourhood as they uſed to do. Many of them are even gone home, and it is thought by ſeveral People, that before the End of the Year there will not be a Body of Confederates leſt under Arms.

The Ruſſians are preparing to enter into Winter Quarters. Prince Repnin will fix his at Jaroſlow. A Body of 15,000 Ruſſians, under General Proſorowſki, continue to purſue the Turks, and to ſeize what Booty they can, principally Horſes. They have taken lately 300 Janiſſaries, ſome Ammunition, Baggage, and Eight Pieces of Cannon.

The great Number of Confederacies ſeem to announce the Ruin of the Diſſidents. The Confederates have obliged the City of Cracow to give them 28,000 Poliſh Florins for 1000 Tons of Salt, which they had ſtolen, belonging to the King.

VIENNA, *Oct.* 11. Letters from Conſtantinople, of the 18th of September, adviſe, that the Grand Signior not only cauſed the Head of the late Grand Viſir to be ſtruck off, but alſo that of the Prince of Moldavia, and the Chief Interpreter of the Porte. The new Viſir muſt expect the ſame Fate after loſing Choczim, and the other bad Succeſs which he has met with.

Oct. 20. As the Ruſſians have penetrated far into Moldavia and Wallachia, and as ſome of their Troops have appeared on the Frontiers of Tranſylvania, we are aſſured, that our Court is going to ſend thither a Reinforcement of Troops.

HAGUE, *Oct.* 24. Letters from Peterſburg adviſe, that Lord Cathcart, Ambaſſador from Great-Britain, has taken great Pains to engage the Empreſs of Ruſſia to agree to ſome Alterations in the Treaty of Commerce lately concluded between the Two Courts, the Engliſh not being ſo much benefited by it as they expected; but that the Empreſs did not ſeem inclined to comply with his Solicitations.

LONDON,

Oct. 24. It is ſaid a military Gentleman, Agent of a certain Colony, has reduced the Complaints of the People againſt their Chief Magiſtrate to Nineteen different Articles, ſome of which, as he terms them, will prove *Sweaters*.

Letters from Paris mention, that the Affairs of the Eaſt-India Company, engroſs a conſiderable Share of the Attention of the Miniſtry, who are convinced of the great Neceſſity there is for ſome immediate Meaſures to be taken with Reſpect to the French Intereſt in Aſia: A large Body of Troops is ſoon to be ſent to that Part of the World, and ſeveral Veſſels are ordered to be fitted out for the Iſles of France and Bourbon, at the Government's Expence.

Two Ruſſian Men of War ſailed from Portſmouth the 22d Inſt. to the Eaſtward.

They write from Teneriffe, that ſeveral Algerine Men of War are now cruizing off the Cape Verd and Canary Iſlands, againſt the Portugueſe Trade in thoſe Seas.

Extract of a Letter from Dublin, October 16, 1769.

"The *Fracas* which lately happened between a great Perſonage and Dr. Lucas, engages almoſt every Part of Converſation here; though the Doctor is naturally a very warm Man, yet in this Reſpect, it is ſaid, he behaved with becoming Temper, and his Replies were only ſuch as may be expected from the Queſtions, by any Man of Spirit and Independence.

"It has already gone ſo far, that nothing but the Death of either of the Parties, can prevent it from becoming of the moſt ſerious Nature, for when the Doctor told him, that his elevated Station, at preſent, deprived him from taking that Satisfaction that was due from one Gentleman to another; the great Perſonage replied, "Sir, as the Time is approaching when that Diſtinction will ceaſe, I now pledge myſelf to you, that I will then give you every Satisfaction that you may expect from the moſt private Gentleman in this Kingdom."

It was this Morning reported, that the M——y are exerting their utmoſt Efforts to prevent the Lord Mayor elect being ſworn in at the Exchequer.

They write from Hamburgh, that a great Quantity of naval Stores are now ſhipping on board Tranſport Veſſels in the Elbe, for the Ports of Breſt and Rochfort.

Yeſterday the Lord Chancellor was done at Jonathan's, upon the Ratio of Sixty to Forty Guineas, that he reſigns before Chriſtmas; and at Night his Lordſhip was done at Arthur's, upon the Ratio of Three to one, that he reſigns before Saturday Se'nnight.

Oct. 28. On Wedneſday Night the Prince of Wales and young Princes, with the Princeſs Royal, had a Drawing-Room, for the firſt Time, in the Princeſs Amelia's late Apartments. The Prince was dreſſed in Scarlet and Gold, with the Enſigns of the Order of the Garter; on his Right was the Biſhop of Oſnabrug in Blue and Gold, with the Enſigns of the Order of the Bath; next to him, on a rich Sopha, ſat the Princeſs Royal, with the other Princes to her Right, elegantly dreſſed, in Roman Togas: The Sight of ſo many fine Children, all of one Family, their great Affability, and the Recollection of their Dignity, gave the moſt pleaſing Impreſſions to every one preſent.

It is given out, that in Caſe the Lord Chancellor reſigns, the Seals will be put in Commiſſion 'til Lord Halifax's Trial is over, and that afterwards they will be given to Lord Mansfield.

Letters from Peterſburg, of October 2, mention, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia, as a Mark of her Approbation of the Conduct of Prince Gallitzin, has raiſed him to the Rank of a Field Marſhal.

In Conſequence of an Altercation on the 13th Inſt. between Two Gentlemen of Liverpool, relative to petitioning the Throne for a Diſſ——n of the P——t, they fought a Duel on Monday laſt, in which one of them was ſo dangerouſly wounded, that it is thought he cannot recover.

Some Letters from Vienna mention, the Grand Signior had ſent a Turkiſh Ambaſſador thither, to prevail upon that Court not to interfere in the preſent Quarrel between the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and the Porte.

According to Letters from Liſbon, the Court of Portugal has been obliged to purchaſe a Peace of the Algerines, for a very conſiderable Sum of Money and warlike Stores. An Example which will probably be followed by ſome other European States.

A Letter from Madrid, dated October 3, ſays, "The Daniſh Navigation is entirely put a Stop to in the Mediterranean. Not only the Algerines, but all the Barbarian Regencies have declared War againſt them, not only for their having lent their Flag to foreign Veſſels, but on a Report, which is circulated through Barbary, that they have given all the Aſſiſtance in their Power to the Ruſſian Squadron, which is expected in the Mediterranean."

It was this Morning reported, that though a great Man in the Law is very indifferent as to what may be determined relative to his continuing his Office, or not, yet he has declared that he will not voluntarily reſign, nor will he trim, but always act as his Judgement and Conſcience ſhall direct.

A Merchant ſaid upon Change this Morning, that the Preſent of Tobacco, from the Planters of Maryland, to Mr. Wilkes, was ſent to him as a grateful Acknowledgment, for his having *ſmoaked* the Miniſtry ſo long.

Oct. 31. We are informed, that it has been propoſed to the Miniſtry to lay a Tax on all Places of public Entertainment throughout this Kingdom, to anſwer the Expences for the enſuing Year.

Saturday Evening the Committee of the Bill of Rights, ſent as a Preſent to John Wilkes, Eſq; a Silver Cup of 100 l. Value; it will contain a Gallon and Half a Pint, and is of curious Workmanſhip: On the Outſide is the Figure of John Wilkes, Eſq; with the Cap of Liberty over his Head, held by Britannia; before him lie Magna Charta, and the Bill of Rights.

It is ſaid, that S. V. Eſq; having printed in England a Pamphlet in Vindication of his Conduct in Jamaica, intends immediately to ſail for Jamaica, and there publiſh a Vindication of his Conduct in England.

On Saturday laſt a French Gentleman hanged himſelf at the London 'Prentice in Old-Street Road; a Letter written in French was found in his Pocket, ſetting forth that ſome Years ago he dreamt he was to die on the above-mentioned Day, if not he was to be d-mn'd eternally, and therefore for the Salvation of his Soul, he thought it neceſſary to put an End to his Exiſtence.

Letters from Gibraltar mention, that the Algerines had ſunk ſeveral large Hulks at the Entrance of the Port, to prevent the too near Approach of an Enemy, and had moored ſome floating Batteries within them.

It is rumoured that a certain American Governor had ſeveral Papers of very great Conſequence in his Poſſeſſion, which he will lay before an auguſt Aſſembly, ſoon after the opening the Seſſions.

A Letter from Gibraltar contradicts the Report of Proviſions being very dear in that Garriſon; on the contrary, they continue to be plentifully ſupplied with freſh Proviſions from Barbary, and all Kinds of Greens, Fruit, Vegetables, Poultry, &c. from Spain.

Extract of a Letter from York, dated October 24.

"Our ſpirited Petition having engaged the Attention of the Public, and alſo having, as well from the Subject as the maſterly Manner in which it is written, excited the Admiration of all thoſe who have ſeen it, I am happy in the Opportunity of incloſing you a genuine Copy.

To the KING's *moſt excellent* MAJESTY.

May it pleaſe your MAJESTY,

WE your Majeſty's moſt loyal and faithful Subjects the Freeholders of the County of York, equally ſolicitous for the Honour of your Majeſty's Government, and for the Preſervation of our moſt happy and excellent Conſtitution, beg leave to approach your royal Throne, and humbly to lay before your Majeſty the Anxiety of our Minds, on a Matter of the greateſt national Concern.

As the County of York has been eminently diſtinguiſhed by its Zeal for your Majeſty's illuſtrious Family, ſo has it ever been ſtrongly attached to that Syſtem of Laws, which your Majeſty's Anceſtors were called to protect. By theſe Laws we are taught, that it is the undoubted Right of the Subject to Petition the King, and the Exerciſe of that Right becomes the Duty of the Subject, whenever any ill-adviſed Meaſure threatens to impair that equal State of legal Liberty, for which this Nation has long been reſpected abroad, and by which it has been made happy at home.

We find ourſelves called to the Exerciſe of that Right, and the Diſcharge of that Duty, by Apprehenſions of the Tendency of that Meaſure, which has nominated a Repreſentative to the County of Middleſex, in Oppoſition to the Votes of a great Majority of the Freeholders, and in prejudice of that Freedom of Election, which your faithful Commons are entitled to by the Laws and Conſtitution of this Country.

We Reſpect, as we ought, the Authority of the Houſe of Commons; and their juſt Privileges will ever be dear to the People; but the Houſe of Commons derive their Exiſtence from the People, who never have intruſted that Houſe with an Authority to ſuperſede the Choice of the Electors, or to create, by a Vote, an incapacity unknown to the Law. If this were the Privilege of the Houſe of Commons, it would ſoon render that Houſe a Body choſen by its own Members, and not the Repreſentatives of the People. It is, therefore, with unſpeakable concern, that we are obliged to repreſent to your Majeſty, that this Event hath produced a Situation new and extraordinary in this Government, the Repreſentatives of the People in oppoſition to the People.

"This Situation would be miſerable indeed, had not the Wiſdom of our Anceſtors provided, even for this Grievance, a regular and conſtitutional Remedy. The Power of aſſembling and diſſolving Parliaments is undoubtedly one of the Rights veſted in your Majeſty, for the Welfare of the People, and by their conſent. The Voice of a loyal People now calls for the Exerciſe of this Power; and our moſt eſſential Rights are to be preſerved by it.

"Permit us then, Royal Sir, to implore your Majeſty to reſtore the Confidence of your People in the Juſtice of Parliament, by ſending them to a new Choice of Repreſentatives, which will give your loyal Subjects an Opportunity of demonſtrating their Zeal for the Conſtitution, by a Choice of Men, who will guard the Honour of the Crown, and ſupport the Rights of the People."

Nov. 2. Yeſterday his Grace the Duke of Northumberland viſited General Paoli at his Houſe in Bond-Street. After which the General went to dine with his Grace the Duke of Norfolk, at his Houſe in St. James's Square.

Extract of Letter from Saliſbury, October 30.

"Our Accounts of the Affair at Jerſey, from the Regiſter of Certificates, bearing Date the 2d Inſt. ſay, that all Matters reſpecting the Civil Government were then at a Stand, owing to the riſing of the Country People, who aſſembled, and went to the Court-Houſe, and forced their Way in, compelling the Governor and Court, then ſitting, to ſign an Order, conſiſting of 13 Articles (one of which was for the Expulſion of all Revenue Officers) and this Order has been publiſhed in the Market, and in all the Churches in that Iſland. The Letter adds, that Lieutenant Baily, and many of the Jurats, have repaired to the Caſtle, out of the Reach of the Mob, and put themſelves under the Protection of the military Force.

"Four or Five Companies of the Royal Scots, now quartered at Wincheſter, are ordered to hold themſelves in Readineſs to embark on the firſt Notice for the ſaid Iſland."

On Sunday paſſed through Canterbury, the Duke of Dorſet, for France.

The Expedition of a certain Great Man in a neighbouring Kingdom, it is ſaid, was in order to ſound the Country Gentlemen, with Reſpect to their Conduct in a Great Aſſembly the enſuing Winter, for which Office his R——y is eminently qualified, from his entertaining Converſation and convivial Spirit. His Journey, however, it is aſſerted, has been to little Purpoſe; as a ſtronger Oppoſition to m——l Meaſures is expected in Dublin this Seaſon, than has been known for a Number of Years.

Sir Francis Bernard, we are aſſured, is not to reviſit America again, in any public Character.

The Lord Mayor elect, has ordered the following Motto to be painted on his Coach and Banner, *Potior Metallis Libertas.*

The Lord Chancellor was at Court Yeſterday, but heard nothing of reſigning the Seals.

The late Acts of Cruelty committed by the French on the brave unfortunate Natives of Corſica, many of whom they have hanged, has been greatly condemned by ſome Perſons of the higheſt Conſideration in this Kingdom; as the glorious Stand which thoſe valiant Men have made for Liberty, ſhould rather entitle them to the Admiration, or at leaſt Lenity, even of an Enemy, inſtead of being accuſed of, and executed for High Treaſon, in the moſt ignominious and cruel Manner.

It is ſaid that 45 Hogſheads of Muſcovado Sugars, and 45 Puncheons of Rum, are daily expected here, as Preſents from the Leeward Iſland Planters to John Wilkes, Eſq; Advice, it is reported, having been received of their being ſhipped.

The following is Part of Dr. Muſgrave's Speech at the Caſtle of Oxon, October 5.

" But perhaps the Gentleman * would ſuggeſt, that the Fact of my carrying an Information to Lord H——x is not fully proved. The Anſwer to this is eaſy. The Addreſs has been publiſhed now 5 Weeks, in all which Time the Perſons concerned have not contradicted it: They have not enquired, nay, it ſhould ſeem by their Delays, that they dare not enquire into it. What better Proof of this Fact can any Man deſire? Or does the Gentleman allow this, but is doubtful whether Lord H—— was under any Obligation to attend it, whether it might not be too frivolous to merit any Regard, and therefore thinks I ought to exhibit it, before I lay what he calls a Burden upon the County? I will make him eaſy as to that Point: I lay no Burden upon the County, or upon any Man. I take it all upon my own Shoulders. I myſelf impeach him; and the only Thing I wiſh or deſire is to have my Impeachment heard, which, believe me, Gentlemen, never will be heard, unleſs you concur in requeſting it."

* *Mr. Short, who had told the Doctor, that he ſhould produce the Proofs of his Charge againſt Lord Halifax.*

The following is the State of petitioning at preſent; the undernamed Counties, Cities, and Towns, having petitioned, or determined to petition, Middleſex, Surrey, Wiltſhire, Buckinghamſhire, Yorkſhire, Glouceſterſhire, Herefordſhire, Devonſhire, Somerſetſhire, Cornwall, Dorſetſhire, Derbyſhire, Warwickſhire, Lincolnſhire, Nottinghamſhire, Northumberland, Denbighſhire, Eſſex, Norfolk, London, Weſtminſter (*the Firſt which mentioned the D—— of P——t*) Briſtol, Liverpool, Exeter, Oxford, Southwark, Newcaſtle, &c.

Hampſhire, though a Government County, ſeems to have compromiſed. The Freeholders abſolutely refuſed to addreſs, and therefore have not petitioned.

Hertfordſhire is ſilent, to the Aſtoniſhment of all the Kingdom.

Kent, it is now ſaid, will petition, notwithſtanding the ſuppoſed Influence of the M——y.

We are informed, that a certain great Aſſembly, upon their Meeting, will immediately take into Conſideration the late Petitions preſented to his M——y, and that all neceſſary Preparations are making for that Purpoſe.

Yeſterday Mr. Alderman Beckford, Lord Mayor elect, was preſented to the Lord Chancellor for his Approbation, by Mr. Recorder. He was accompanied by Sir William Stevenſon, Mr. Alderman Trecothick, Mr. Alderman Croſby, Mr. Alderman Peers, Mr. Alderman Naſh, Sir James Eſdaile, Mr. Alderman Halifax, and the Two Sheriffs, preceded by the City Officers. After which they returned to Ironmongers-Hall, where an elegant Entertainment was provided for them by Mr. Beckford. Mr. Recorder did not go in the Proceſſion, but met them in Lincoln's-Inn-Fields.

We hear that the Lord Chancellor (in his Anſwer to the Recorder's Speech on his preſenting the Lord Mayor elect for his Approbation) ſaid, that as to any uncommon Proceedings in electing Mr. Beckford Mayor, he had nothing to do with them; if Mr. Beckford was legally elected by the Livery, and appointed by the Court of Aldermen, he had his Majeſty's Orders to approve him Mayor.

It is rumoured, that a Memorial of a very important Nature is preparing to be ſent to the Court of Madrid.

Letters received at Conſtantinople from Bagdad, adviſe, that the greateſt Part of that City was deſtroyed by an Earthquake in May laſt.

Yeſterday the Duke of Grafton, Earl Gower, and Lord Weymouth, had the Honour of a joint Conference with his Majeſty.

It is reported that a great Lawyer told the Lord Mayor elect, when preſented to him Yeſterday for his Choice, that no Endeavours had been uſed by any Perſon in A——n to urge him to a Refuſal of the City's Choice of their Chief Magiſtrate.

We hear that a great City Magiſtrate is a good deal chagrined at not having been honoured with the Commands of a great Perſonage, with Reſpect to the Diſpoſal of a late Bounty.

This Morning the Sheriffs waited on the great Officers of State, and others of the Nobility and Gentry, with Invitations to dine with the Lord Mayor on Thurſday next at Guild-Hall.

A Correſpondent ſays, " It is droll enough, that S. V. Eſq; of all Men in the World, ſhould refuſe a Viſit to General Paoli, merely on the Suppoſition, that he is dependent on the Miniſtry.

Nov. 4. We hear that Friday next is the Day fixed for hearing the Cauſe between Lord Halifax and Mr. Wilkes, which is to be before Lord Chief Juſtice Wilmot, and a ſpecial Jury of the County of Middleſex.

All Thoughts of oppoſing the Lord Mayor elect have been laid aſide ever ſince a great Officer of the Law declared in Council, that he would not reſign the Seals, 'til the public Affairs are eſtabliſhed upon Terms agreeable to the People, and proper Steps taken for Redreſs of the Grievances they at this Time labour under.

As ſoon as a certain Nobleman arrives in Town, a Meeting will be held of the preſent Patriots, and it is ſaid they are determined to exert their whole Influence to have the Purport of the ſeveral Petitions already preſented immediately granted.

Notwithſtanding the Boaſts which the Friends of Adminiſtration make of the Premier's Stability in Office, many intelligent Perſons are nevertheleſs of Opinion, that theſe Boaſts have no very ſolid Foundation, as the Meeting of an auguſt Aſſembly is ſo unuſually Procraſtinated. Was Government certain of a Majority there, this Procraſtination would be unneceſſary, nay, impolitic; for in that Caſe, the ſooner Parliament meet, the ſooner naturally his Grace of G. would have it in his Power to counteract the Meaſures of the Oppoſition.

We are aſſured that Orders have been diſpatched to the commanding Officer of the Troops at Boſton, to make a ſtrict Enquiry into the Affair of the Grenadier who was lately reſcued from the Conſtables there; and that Directions have been given for the ſtricteſt Juſtice to be executed on all who have lately dared to violate the Rights of the civil Magiſtrates in that Town.

We are aſſured the Commander in Chief of the Ruſſian Fleet has received Orders to attack no Part of the Turkiſh Territories, until he arrived with the whole Squadron before the imperial City of Conſtantinople, except ſilencing the Cannon of the Dardanels, on the Canal of the Black-Sea.

Some Gentlemen at the Weſt-End of the Town took upon them on Thurſday to aſſert, that Sir W. D. has got a Commiſſion from the Government of a very extraordinary and important Nature. Some affirmed, that it is very nearly on the Plan of the Eaſt-India Superviſorſhip, and that Sir William is veſted with full Powers to adjuſt all the Differences, if poſſible, between our ſeveral Malcontent Settlements in America and their Mother Country; whilſt others pretended to know, that his Authority extends no farther than making a Tour through all the Britiſh Colonies, enquiring perſonally and minutely into the true Cauſe and State of all their Grievances, and Complaints, and tranſmitting the Whole (with Sir William's Obſervations and Opinion thereon) to his Majeſty, in order to be laid before the Parliament, before the cloſe of the enſuing Seſſions.

A certain patriotic Nobleman, on being told that the L—d C——r was about to reſign, replied, I am glad to hear it—for

" When Vice prevails, and impious Men bear ſway,
" The Poſt of Honour is a private Station."

It is ſaid, that the Purport of ſome Diſpatches received on Friday, by his Excellency the Baron de Dieden, from the Court of Copenhagen, is, to demand the Aſſiſtance of this Nation in the War between the Danes and Algerines.

NEW-YORK, *December* 28.

From the Papers by the Packet, there is not the leaſt Appearance of a Deſign to repeal the Acts, impoſing a Duty upon Goods imported into America, or to change the Miniſtry, or diſſolve the Parliament; though Petitions from all Parts of England for a Diſſolution, either have been prepared, or are preparing. A North-Briton, of October 28, ſays, it is impoſſible to imagine any Thing more cold, or forbidding, than the Reception theſe Petitions have met with from the Sovereign, who has never vouchſafed a ſingle Syllable to any of the Gentlemen, that have attended on theſe Occaſions; hence the Writer concludes, that we may abſolutely deſpair of Succeſs, at leaſt for ſome Time. One Comfort only remains to us, as Engliſhmen.—— Our Hiſtory tells us, that whatever Miniſter has dared to act againſt the general Senſe of the People, has, in the End, fallen the unpitied Victim of his own Inſolence and Raſhneſs.

A Motion having been made by an Honourable Member of our Aſſembly, for Leave to bring in a Bill to chooſe our Repreſentatives for the future by Ballot, which was granted him.——And as a Law of that Nature has been long deſired by all the judicious Friends to Liberty in this City, they were induced to publiſh a Number of Advertiſements to bring the Inhabitants together, to obtain their Sentiments on the beſt Means to manifeſt their Approbation of that ſalutary Motion, and to make the Repreſentatives of the City acquainted therewith, in order that they ſhould concur in getting the Vote paſſed into a Law. In Conſequence thereof, a Number of them aſſembled on Thurſday laſt at Liberty Pole; but they were not ſo conſiderable as might have been expected. Therefore, that a more general Meeting might be had, it was poſtponed until the next Day, at Eleven o'Clock;—when a very conſiderable and reſpectable Number appeared, and if they had waited 'til Half paſt Twelve, the Number would have been increaſed ſeveral Hundreds.—But as the Day was raw and uncomfortable under Foot, they appointed a Gentleman to propound Queſtions to the People (before that Time) to know their Approbation of the ſaid Vote, which was declared by a vaſt Majority; there being but a few Perſons that diſſented. A Committee was then appointed to communicate their Approbation to the City Members, which was done in Writing laſt Saturday.

PHILADELPHIA, *January* 4.

Extract of a Letter from London, Nov. 1, 1769.

" I am very much inclined to believe, that unleſs you relax ſomewhat, we ſhall have no Connexion together, at leaſt for one Twelvemonth. There is a Rumour of an Intention to give you one General Aſſembly for the whole Continent, or perhaps Two, and that every Thing is to be properly ſettled when the Parliament meets, but it is impoſſible with our Miniſtry to adjuſt ſo weighty a Matter in ſo ſhort a Time. I am ſtill of Opinion the Duties upon Glaſs, Paper and Painters Colours, will be repealed, but as certain that the Duty on Tea will remain. Our Manufacturers are ſo little ſenſible of the Want of their uſual Trade with you, that People begin to entertain an Idea, that America never was of Half the Conſequence to us that it was generally imagined to be; an Opinion that can never be your Intereſt to confirm. The Seaſon, as I wrote you before, is unfavourable to your Reſolutions; the Ruſſian War, and other Circumſtances, concur in occaſioning an unuſual Demand for our Manufactures. I do not ſee there are the leaſt Diſpoſitions to make Repreſentations to Parliament for your Relief, which ought to convince you, that you were more indebted to the Merchants acting from a Motive of Principle, rather than Intereſt, in promoting the Repeal of the Stamp-Act; for I aſſure you, there is ſome Degree of Remembrance of paſt Tranſactions remaining, which diſcourages us from acting ſo ſtrenuouſly as we might otherwiſe be inclined to do, had our Friends given us our due Degree of Merit for our former Services: You yourſelves have taken the Field, and I wiſh you Succeſs in every conſtitutional Relief you may aim at obtaining.——Your Hints are good, with Reſpect to ſhipping Goods, and at a proper Seaſon I will profit by them, but cannot now think of making any further Proviſion whatever, for a Time that appears ſo diſtant. For my own Part, I declare I ſee no Poſſibility of any Trade to your Part of the World, 'til next Spring Twelvemonth. Thus far with Reſpect to Trade, which is now leaſt thought of.

" Affairs here grow very critical; the Counties are petitioning for a Diſſolution of Parliament; I think the Times wear a gloomy Appearance; the Nation in general much diſſatisfied, and GOD knows what will Content them; but I am of Opinion, there will be ſome Bills of Attainder paſſed, before long, upon the Heads of one of the Two Parties. Many ſuppoſe us ripe for Rebellion, but it is too ridiculous an Idea to attempt to refute; the Miniſtry are not ſtrong enough to bring Matters to ſo deſperate a Criſis."

Extract of a Second Letter from London, of the ſame Date.

" News, there is little abroad. The Town is at preſent empty, and the Parliament do not meet 'til the Middle of January. Conſiderable Bets are depending at the Weſt-End, that the Lord Chancellor reſigns before Saturday Se'nnight, and that either Sir F. Norton, or Mr. De Grey, ſucceeds him. A Rumour was ſpread Yeſterday, that Sir William Draper is to be appointed Governor of South-Carolina, which has not ſince been contradicted. This Appointment will not be much in Favour of America, as Sir William has lately ſignalized himſelf very highly for the Court. The Merchants univerſal Agreement not to import the Manufactures of this Kingdom, under the preſent Circumſtances, will certainly have its Influence, in procuring a Repeal of the Revenue Acts. All Ranks of People admire the calm Reſolution with which the Pennſylvanians have proceeded to aſſert their Rights and Liberties; and it is now a general Opinion, that a *total Repeal* will take Place early in the next Seſſions, for which Event every true Lover of both Countries is bound to pray."

Extract of a Third Letter from London, of the ſame Date.

" The Parliament will not meet before the 10th of January, and it is much doubted whether American Affairs will be brought on the Carpet 'til late in the Seſſions."

ANNAPOLIS, *January* 11.

Mr. JAMES BROOKES, of this City, is appointed Clerk to the Commiſſioners for emitting Bills of Credit.

*** *The Piece ſigned* Philomathis *won'd have been inſerted this Week, had the Author accompanied it with a proportionable Part of the Expence of Publication.*

January 3, 1770.

To be ſold, by Public Sale, at the Coffee-Houſe, in Annapolis, *on Saturday the 27th Inſtant,*

TWO likely Negro Men SLAVES, belonging to the Eſtate of Captain *Henry Cummings*, of *London*, lately deceaſed, and ſold by me as Adminiſtrator, by Letters granted under a Power of Attorney, from *James Hergeſt*, of *London*, Executor to the laſt Will and Teſtament, of the ſaid *Henry Cummings*. The Sale to be for ready Money, or Bills of Exchange.

ANTHONY STEWART.

January 2, 1770.

COMMITTED to *Cæcil* County Jail, as a Runaway, a Negro Lad, who calls himſelf CESAR, a ſhort well ſet Fellow, appears to be about Nineteen or Twenty Years of Age, ſays he belongs to *Benjamin Holladay*, on *Patomack* River, *Maryland*, and that he was brought away from there by one *Joſeph Hikombottom*, by Water. His Maſter is deſired to take him away, and pay Charges, by

(3w) RICHARD THOMAS, Sheriff.

Annapolis, January 3, 1770.

——— *Ingenuas didiciſſe fideliter artes,*
Emollit mores, nec ſinit eſſe feros. OVID.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Subſcribers purpoſe opening School, on Monday next, being the 8th Inſtant, where they propoſe teaching the *Latin* and *Greek* Languages; and alſo, Reading in the *Engliſh* Tongue, with Propriety; Writing; Arithmetic; Bookkeeping, and the moſt uſeful Branches of the Mathematics. Any Gentleman that will favour them with his Children, may depend on their utmoſt Endeavours to forward them in every Reſpect. They alſo intend opening an Evening School.

N. B. As there are ſeveral Rooms convenient for the accomodating of Boys in the ſaid School, the Subſcribers therefore being deſirous of occupying them in that Manner, humbly ſolicit the Favour and Encouragement of the Public.

SAMUEL CULBERTSON, &
THOMAS BALL.

Annapolis, January 8, 1770.

THE General Assembly having been pleased to grant to the Value of 7500 l. Sterling, for building a State-House, in *Annapolis*, with good and convenient Rooms for the Upper and Lower Houses of Assembly, and for holding the Provincial Court, separate from each other, Two convenient Rooms for the Use of Jurors attending the Provincial Court, and Four convenient Rooms for the Use of Committees of the Lower House of Assembly, and also good, convenient, safe, and secure Rooms for Offices and Repositories of the Records of the Upper and Lower Houses of Assembly, High Court of Chancery, High Court of Appeals, Provincial Court, Prerogative Court, and Land Office; and for enlarging, repairing, and enclosing the Parade, not exceeding its present Length of 245 Feet, and 160 in Breadth, designed to be enclosed with Stone or Brick Wall, and Iron Palisadoes, if the Iron Incloſure should not exceed 500 l. Sterling, and to be laid with Flag, or other Stone or Gravel.

The Superintendants appointed by the Act, being greatly desirous of laying out the Money the most to the Honour and Approbation of the Public, request any who please to be at the Trouble of forming Plans and Estimates, and of communicating them to the Superintendants by the Seventeenth Day of April next.——It is expected the Building will not exceed 150 Feet in Length, or 100 Feet in Breadth, and the Expences of Brick and Stone are desired to be estimated.

A Person will be wanted to overlook the Execution of the Plan; such as are qualified are desired to apply by that Time, and those who are willing to furnish Materials, may attend the Superintendants at *Annapolis*, the first Day of *May* next.

January 2, 1770.

To be Sold by the Subscriber, living near the Sugar-Loaf *Mountain, in* Frederick *County,*

A Tract of Land, containing about Six Hundred Acres, with several Houses thereon; also, all Kind of Fruit, such as Apples, Peaches, Cherries, and Pear Trees: There is near Thirty Acres of it clear'd, 'tis under a good Fence, and at One End thereof, there is an excellent Still-House, situate in such a Manner as always to have plenty of Water to supply the Stills, without having the Trouble of making Use of a Pump, or going out of the House for Water: He has also Two Stills in said House, which he will either sell or rent as they can agree. The Land is healthy and pleasantly situated, lying within Twelve Miles of *Frederick-Town*, and has plenty of Timber thereon. The Land is well adapted to planting or farming Business, together with it's being contiguous to a large and an extensive Range, which will always be the Case, makes it vastly Valuable. Any Person or Persons, inclinable to purchase, may apply to

(w6) LEONARD WAYMAN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, at *Marsh* Creek, an indented Servant Man, named THOMAS WHITE, a Carpenter by Trade, about Five Feet Six Inches high, thin Visage, red Hair, wears it sometimes tied, and he formerly liv'd with Mr. *Roberts* in *Annapolis*: Had on, when he went away, a blue patch'd Coat and Jacket, and Leather Breeches.——Whoever takes up said Servant, and secures him in any Jail, shall have Fifty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

ROBERT BIGHAM.

BY virtue of a Commission from *Anne-Arundel* County Court, to us the Subscribers, for the Perpetuation of the Bounds of a Tract of Land, lying in the said County, called YATES's CONTRIVANCE; We hereby give Notice, that we shall attend on the Premises, on Monday the 12th of *February* next, in order to examine Evidences, agreeable to Act of Assembly, of this Province. Given under our Hands *December* 20, 1769.

JOHN DORSEY,
JOSHUA GRIFFITH,
NICHOS. G. RIDGELY,
AQUILLA RANDALL.

(w3)

Kingsbury Furnace, *Baltimore* County, *Nov.* 30.

A TRACT of Land, called SHERDINE's BOTTOM, being offered for Sale, by *Robert Long*, of *Baltimore* County; to prevent an Imposition on others, and Trouble to myself, I take Leave to inform, that much the greater Part of said Land is included within the Lines of an elder Survey, made by the Principio Company: The Truth of which Matter any Person may be satisfied, by applying to

FRANCIS PHILLIPS.

Chester-Town, Nov. 14, 1769.

BY Virtue of a Power given to us, the Subscribers, by the Testament and Last Will of *George Garnett*, late of *Kent* County, deceased, the late Dwelling-House and Lot of the said *George Garnett*, situate on the River-Side, in *Chester-Town*, will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Premises, on the 15th Day of *January* next, by

MARY GARNETT, & JOSEPH GARNETT,
Executors of G. GARNETT.

To be sold at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 17th of January *next, at the House of Mr.* Ignatius Middleton, *in* Port-Tobacco, Charles *County, for Sterling Cash, or Current Money, as rated by the Inspection Law,*

A TRACT of LAND, containing, by Patent, 400 Acres, but will Measure more, lying on *Patowmack* River, Two and an Half Miles below *Sandy* Point, on which are Three Plantations, that rent for 3000 lb. of Tobacco *per Ann.* The Soil is well adopted to either Planting or Farming. The Purchaser, on paying One Half of the Purchase Money, at the Time of Conveyance, will be allowed a reasonable Time for the Remainder, on giving Bond, with Security, if required. Any Person inclinable to treat for said Land, before the Day of Sale, may see the Premises, and know the Terms, by applying to the Subscriber living near *Port-Tobacco.*

EDWARD SCOTT WARE.

Maryland, October 14, 1769.

WHEREAS Complaint has been made to me, One of his Lordship's the Right Honourable the Lord Proprietary's Justices for *Baltimore* County, by MARY CHAPMAN, that on the 19th Day of *September* last past, Two Men, one named THOMAS PLANT, the other JAMES GORDON, took of her Property, an Apparatus of a PUPPET SHOW, *Punch*'s Head remarkably large: GORDON is a Taylor by Trade, and had many Clothes with him, he is about 25 Years of Age. THOMAS PLANT is an uncommon short Man, and looks strangely with his Eyes, pretty much deformed in his Limbs, beats the Drum and plays Legerdemain. Whoever takes up said Men abovementioned, and secures them in any Jail in this Province, shall have Four Pounds Reward, paid by the above MARY CHAPMAN, on their sending Intelligence to Capt. JAMES MAXWELL, in *Gunpowder* Neck, *Baltimore* County, where said MARY CHAPMAN now resides.

THESE are therefore to require and command all his Lordship's good People of this Province, to make diligent Enquiry after the said *Thomas Plant*, and *James Gordon*, by Way of HUE and CRY, and to apprehend the said *Thomas Plant*, and *James Gordon*, or either of them, and to carry them, or him, to some Justice where taken, to be dealt with according to Law; and for their so doing this shall be their Warrant. Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year first abovewritten. WILLIAM YOUNG.

To all Sheriffs, Constables, and others, his Lordship's good People in this Province.

George-Town, Frederick County, *Maryland.*

FOR the disposing of Three Thousand One Hundred and Eighty Acres of LAND, all lying in *Frederick* and *Prince-George*'s Counties, (except One Hundred and Eighty-four Acres, lying in *Hampshire* County, *Virginia*) the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY is offered to the PUBLIC, in Hopes it will meet with Encouragement; the Scheme being calculated, as much as possible, in Favour of the Adventurers, their being not quite Two and an Half BLANKS to a PRIZE, and the several Parcels of Land rated at their real Value, *viz.*

	Acres.		Dollars.
New-Holland,	430		1000
Hit the Mark,	235½		600
Part of Conclusion,	204	N°. 15.	400
Friendship,	200		450
Part of Conclusion,	191	N°. 7.	400
Part of Conclusion,	148½	N°. 9.	400
Part of Conclusion,	165	N°. 8.	300
Part of Conclusion,	121	N°. 10.	350
Part of Conclusion,	150	N°. 6.	300
Part of Conclusion,	118¾	N°. 16.	250
Suspence,	156		250
Chew's *Folly*,	93		200
Part of Miller's *Beginning*,	100	N°. 1.	200
Part of ditto,	93	N°. 2.	200
One Tract in Virginia,	184		184
Part of Conclusions,	75	N°. 12, 13.	150
Mexico,	92		150
Peru,	87		150
Below Furtaile Meadow,	56		150
Eilbow,	66		150
Part of Conclusion,	63		120
Town-Creek,	52		86
Walnut Level,	52		86
Hard Bargain,	48		74
24 Prizes,	3180¾		6600
300 Prizes, at 6 Dollars,			3000
524			9600
1276 Blanks.			

1800 Tickets, at 40 *s.* each, 9600

When the TICKETS are disposed of, the Drawing will begin, (previous Notice of which to be given in the *Maryland* Gazette) in *George-Town*, in presence of Six of the Managers, (who are to act on Oath) and as many of the Adventurers as shall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Messieurs *Robert Peter, John Murdock, Adam Stewart, Zephaniah Turner, Thomas Johns, Thomas Richardson*, and *Edward Parkinson*, in *George-Town*; *Richard Henderson*, and *Andrew Leitch*, in *Bladensburgh*; *John Hepburn*, Junior, *Upper Marlborough*; *James Brown*, and *Thomas Claggett*, *Piscataway*; *Thomas Contee*, *Port-Tobacco*; *George Frazer Hawkins*, *Prince-George*'s County; *Barnard O'Neil*, *St. Mary*'s County; *Feilder Bowie*, at *Nottingham*; *Thomas Duckett*, at *Queen-Anne*; *Charles Beatty*, *Frederick-Town*; and, *James Harris*, *Baltimore-Town*.

A List of the Prizes to be published in the *Maryland* Gazette, as soon as the Drawing is finished. Proper Deeds will be given for the several Parcels of Land, to the fortunate Adventurers, by *Daniel Stephenson*, *James Miller*, and *William Deakins*, Junior, and the Cash Prizes paid off, without any Deduction.

** There being Vacancy adjoining several of the small Tracts of Land, the fortunate Adventurers may add thereto by Warrants of Resurvey.

To be SOLD by Mr. John Metcalf, *living in* Frederick-Town Maryland, *at Twelve Shillings per Bottle,* PALMER's WATER, *for the safe, easy, and expeditious Cure of the* STONE *and* GRAVEL,

WHICH entirely dissolves the Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys, and brings it away with all the Sand and gravelly Matter that may accompany it, without any Recourse to the painful Operations of Cutting or Probing. On first taking this Water, the Outside of the Stone appears in a red, glossy, and scaly Form, on the Sides and Bottom of the Vessels receiving the Urine; but after taking it some Time, the Inside itself of the Stone comes away gradually, of a Freestone Colour, either in small Particles, or in Sand; and at last in a sandy Substance. Those who take this Water are desired, for their own Satisfaction, to save the Sediment of their Urine, for, as they see the Quantity of the dissolved Stone that comes away increase, they will find their Pains and Complaints decrease in the same Proportion. This Water not only cleanses the Veins but the Mass of Blood, freeing it from all Acidities, so as to prevent the breeding of that tartarous Mucilage, from which proceed the Stone, Gout, Scurvy, Dropsy, and many other Chronic Diseases. It likewise gives immediate Ease in all Pains arising from internal Ulcers, especially those in the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, and urinary Passages, which it soon cleanses and effectually heals up. Persons who feel Pain in the Back, Loins or Kidneys, attended with Difficulty, or Pain in making Urine, Sickness of the Stomach, or Dimness in the Eyes, by taking but Three or Four Bottles of this Water, might soon be thoroughly convinced, that the Stone, or Gravel, is the Cause of their Complaints, which before, perhaps, they had spent much Time and Money to find out the Source of, to no Purpose, as has been the Case of many People lately cured by this Medicine. In these Complaints, some have taken such violent Medicines, and such immoderate Exercise, as to make the Stone come down so low, that nothing but Probing could give them Relief; whereas, by merely taking this Water, the Stone has been softened and broke, and brought off in a short Time, in Pieces of different Sizes, as may be seen by applying to the Persons cured, who will justify the Truth hereof. What makes this Water more valuable, is the gentleness of its Operations, which is by Urine only, and the pleasantness of its Flavour. It never palls or sickens the Stomach, but rather creates an Appetite; and, what is very extraordinary, it requires no particular Diet or Confinement, so that the Patient may follow his Business as if he had taken nothing. It may be taken by Persons ever so young or old; by those of the most delicate Constitution, and even labouring under a Complication of Disorders.

Persons of undoubted Veracity, cured by this Stone-Water, will be made known, by enquiring of Mr. *Stephen Palmer*, the Proprietor, in *Warwick-Court, Holbourn*; or of Mr. *Robert Peacock*, at the *Golden Lion*, near *Somerset-House*, in the *Strand*, whom Mr. *Palmer* has appointed (and him only) to dispose of the same, with himself, Price Six Shillings a Bottel.

At the above Places may be seen, the various Sorts of Gravel and Sediments extracted by Means of the said Water.

DIRECTIONS *for taking the* STONE *and* GRAVEL-WATER.

THE Patient must take Half the Quantity contained in one Bottle, mixt with an equal Quantity of White Wine, and as much Loaf Sugar as will sweeten it to the Palate; the whole made Blood-warm, Two Hours before Breakfast; but, in Cases of Extremity, at any Time when the Stomach is empty. In ordinary Cases, it is to be taken every 24 Hours; but in great Pain, or where the Disorder has been of long standing, every 12 Hours; 'til the Patient finds himself easy.

N, B. To prevent Counterfeits, all the Bottles containing this Medicine, are sealed with *Palmer*'s Arms, with these Words round the Seal, PALMER's STONE-WATER.

The NAMES *of the Persons cured by the* STONE-WATER.

MR. *Williams*, at the Green Dragon, *Fleet-Street*. A Child of Five Years old, recommended by Mrs. *Worlington*, at the Musical-Clock, *Fleet-Street*.

"This is to certify, That I *Thomas Hurst*, of *Ropesley*, in the County of *Lincoln*, Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of *Rutland*, had Scorbutic Eruptions on my Ears, and in my Neck, and on the back Part of my Head, and a violent Pain in my right Leg and Ancle, that I took a Water for about Six Weeks, made by Mr. *Palmer*, in *Warwick-Court, Holborn, London*; and that I am now clear and quite free from the Breakings out, and have no Pain in my right Leg and Ancle, I thought it a Duty incumbent on me to make my Case public, that others might have the same Relief, as well as myself, in the same Disorder."

Jan. 13, 1769. THOMAS HURST.

"For Eighteen Years past I have been afflicted with that terrible Disorder the Stone; I have had the Advice of many able Physicians, but found no Relief; by Chance, I met with a Bill of Mr. *Palmer's* (of *Warwick-Court, Holborn,*) Stone-Water, which so described my Case: I was willing to try it; happy it was for me, I found Relief from the first of my taking it. I continued it for some Time, and I have parted with such a Quantity of dissolved Stone that is not credible; it may be seen by applying to *D. Dainton*, in Little *Kirby-Street, Hatton-Garden.*"

"For Nine Years past I have been greatly afflicted with violent pains in my Stomach, and have had the Advice of some of the best Physicians in *England*, and, after taking almost every Thing within the Practice of Physic, without Effect, I was recommended to the Use of *Palmer's* Stone-Water, of *Warwick-Court, Holborn*; from the Application thereof, I found the Stone my Complaint. I have found Relief in my Disorder, having voided large Quantities of Stone, and Matter seeming to be Stone dissolved. At present I am free from Pains, which I have not been for many Years before, I therefore think it incumbent on me, for the Benefit of the Public, to make it known.

JANE BROOKBANK, *Widow to the Rev. Mr.* Brookbank, *Rector of* Stepney.

** The Truth of this may be known, by enquiring at Mr. *Brookbank's*, Stationer, *Furnival's-Inn.*"

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD *at the* PRINTING-OFFICE,

THE

MARYLAND ALMANACK,

FOR THE YEAR 1770.

CONTAINING many instructive and entertaining Pieces, both in Prose and Verse; together with Receipts for the Cure of different Distempers incident to this Climate, &c. Price, as usual, 3*s.* per Dozen, or Eight Coppers single.

Annapolis, December 6, 1769.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Frederick, *Captain* Nicholſon, *and to be ſold by* Thomas Gaſſaway, *jun. or the Subſcriber,*

A CARGO of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, divided into Aſſortments of different Values, from 700 *l.* and upwards, to 1300 *l.* and upwards. The ſame will be ſold at a moderate Advance, for ready Caſh, Bills of Exchange, or ſhort Credit; the Purchaſer, in the latter Way, giving Bond, with good Security, if required. LEGH MASTER

*** The Committee of Merchants of this City, having fully conſidered all the Papers, and Evidence relative to this Affair, and being quite ſatisfied, that in the Purchaſe and Importation of thoſe Goods, nothing has been done contrary to the true Spirit and Intention of the Articles of Aſſociation of this Province, unanimouſly conſented to their being landed, and diſpoſed of in ſuch Manner as I ſhould think proper. *L. M.*

Lancaſhire Furnace, *Baltimore* County, *Dec.* 4.

RAN away laſt Night, from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant, named EDWARD HOOPER, about Twenty-four Years of Age, fair Complexion, about 5 Feet 3 or 4 Inches high, wears his own dark brown Hair: Had on, and took with him, an Oſnabrig Shirt and Trouſers, an old Fearnought Jacket, and Cotton Breeches. This Fellow had on an Iron Collar when he went away, being under a Proſecution for Houſebreaking.

Ran away from his Bail, at the ſame Time, JOHN BISHOP, by Trade a Collier, about Thirty Years of Age, 5 Feet 6 or 7 Inches high, wears his own lank dark brown Hair, is a thin Fellow, ſpeaks in the *Shropſhire* Dialect, and has a remarkable Scar on his left Hand: Had on, and took with him, a Copper coloured Suit of Cloaths, a drab lappelled Waiſtcoat, new blue Cloth Breeches, old blue Coat, and a cloſe bodied Great Coat. It is ſuppoſed he is a great Villain, and has inveigled away the ſaid Servant, who, it's ſuppoſed, he will be in Company with, and poſſibly will ſpare him ſome of his Cloaths; as likewiſe a Woman, who paſſeth for his Wife, and a Child, about Two Years old; the Woman is about Twenty-one, or Twenty-two Years of Age, about 5 Feet 1 or 2 Inches high, fair Complexion, and brown Hair; ſhe had on a dark coloured Shalloon Gown, red Petticoat, and black Silk Hat; ſhe ſtrolled ſome Time ago from *Queen-Anne's* County, on the Eaſtern Shore. Her maiden name was *Anne Hand.* Whoever apprehends ſaid Runaways, ſo that they may be had again, and gives Notice to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Forty Shillings Reward for *Edward Hooper*, and Three Pounds for *John Biſhop*, with reaſonable Charges, if brought home.

(4w) GEORGE RANDELL.

To be SOLD, or LET, on Leaſe, for TEN YEARS,

THE valuable WATER-MILLS, in *Charles* County, on the Head of *Allen's* Freſh. Twenty Acres of Land, on which the Mills, *&c.* ſtand, were condemned, and a Leaſe granted for a Number of Years, about 72 of which are to come—There are 4 Pair of Stones on 1 Dam, 2 Tub Mills, and a Double-geered Under-ſhot Mill, which carries 2 Pair of Stones and 2 Bolting Clothes, all new and well fixed.——On the Premiſes are a good Dwelling-Houſe and Store adjoining, a Brick Bake-Houſe, with an Oven that will draw 125 lb of Bread at once, a Granary, Kitchen, and ſeveral Out-Houſes, it is likewiſe well ſituated for Cuſtom, and convenient for Trade.

Any Perſon that inclines to purchaſe, may have Seven Years Time of Payment, on giving Bond and Security, if required, and paying the Intereſt annually; or, if on Leaſe, the Rent muſt be paid annually. THOMAS CONTEE,
JAMES SWANN.

WILLIAM FARIS,
CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER,
At the CROWN *and* DIAL, *near the Church, in* Weſt-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he has engaged Two exceeding good Workmen, (one of whom has been a Finiſher ſeveral Years to the celebrated Mr. *Allam*) and carries on the above Buſineſſes in all their various Branches.——The Gold, Silverſmiths and Jewellers Buſineſſes he ſtill carries on in the neateſt and beſt Manner.——He alſo executes any Orders he may be favoured with for Chair Work, having lately ſupplied himſelf with a good Workman, and has now for Sale, ſeveral Dozens of very neat black Walnut Chairs.——Thoſe who ſhall pleaſe to honour him with their Commands, may depend on being faithfully ſerved on reaſonable Terms, and with the utmoſt Diſpatch.——He continues to keep Tavern, having ſupplied himſelf with the beſt of Liquors, Hay and Oats, where Gentlemen will meet with polite Treatment and the beſt Accommodations for themſelves and Horſes, from

Their very humble Servant,
WILLIAM FARIS.

N. B. He gives ready Money, and the beſt Prices for old Gold and Silver

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Baltimore, December 27, 1769.

Wanted to Charter for England *and* Ireland,

TWO Veſſels that will carry about Five Thouſand Buſhels of Wheat, or a Thouſand Barrels of Flour each. The cuſtomary Freight will be given, by (3w) JOHN STEVENSON.

To be ſold by the in Charles *County, on Subſcriber, living the 27th Inſtant.*

A PARCEL of very likely SLAVES, among which, are ſome Country-born ones. Credit will be given for Two or Three Years, on Intereſt, with Security, if required. Likewiſe ſome Horſes, and Houſehold Furniture to be diſpoſed of, with Land to leaſe for Fifteen Years. SAMUEL HANSON.

Dorcheſter County, *October* 30, 1769.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, on the 29th Inſt. a yellow Negro Man, named FRANK, about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, is a thick, well made, ſtrong Fellow, much given to Liquor, and is very impudent; he has a remarkable Scar on one of his Arms, occaſioned by the Bite of a Perſon he was engaged with in a Fight: Had on and took with him, a blue Fearnought Jacket, a *Welſh* Cotton, and a brown Cloth ditto, old Oſnabrig Shirt, a new ditto not made, Fuſtian Breeches, white Stockings and a new Pair of Pumps. Whoever ſecures ſaid Fellow, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive Five Dollars beſides what they are lawfully entitled to, from (7w) WILLIAM GRAY.

A PARCEL of choice DRUGS and genuine Patent MEDICINES, juſt come to Hand, are to be ſold on the loweſt Terms, by WILLIAM WILKINS, at *Annapolis*, for Account of Dr. JOHN SPARHAWK, of *Philadelphia, viz. Turlinton's* Balſam, *Walker's* Jeſuits Drops, an infallible Cure for the Venereal Diſeaſe, all Weakneſſes of the Reins in both Sexes, however obſtinate, and from whatever Cauſe proceeding, likewiſe for the Stone, Gravel, and all ſcorbutic Caſes—Balſam of Honey for Conſumptions, Colds, and all Complaints of the Breaſt; Elixir Bardana, for the Rhematiſm and Gout; *Britiſh* Tooth-Powder, which preſerves the Teeth from decaying, renders them white as Ivory, and the Breath perfectly agreeable; *Anderſon's* Pills, I. I. and C. D. highly eſteemed for purging away all vicious Humours, reſtoring a good Appetite, and ſound Digeſtion; *Britiſh* Oil; *Daffy's* Elixir; Sugar Plumbs, a certain Cure for Worms of all Kinds, in Men, Women, and Children; Dr. *James's* Fever Powders; Dr. *Hill's* Eſſence for ſore Eyes, a ſure Remedy, greatly ſtrengthens and preſerves the Sight; *Bateman's* Drops; *Godfrey's* Cordial; *King's* Honey Water; *Locker's* Pills; Court Plaiſter; Oil Turpentine; Nipple Glaſſes; Emeticks; Purges; Rhubarb; Powder of Jeſuits Bark; Iſinglaſs; Sago; Manna; Salts; Spermaceti, *&c.* (3m)

Baltimore-Town, September 12, 1769,

THE Subſcriber hereby gives public Notice that he has begun Inoculation, at his Dwelling-Houſe, which ſtands diſtant from *Baltimore-Town*, Half a Mile, is a healthy Situation, and an agreeable Proſpect.——His Price as before, Two Piſtoles for Inoculation, and Twenty Shillings *per* Week for Board. And as the Sickneſs is ſo trifling, and the Confinement none, the Expence need not exceed Five Pounds Fourteen Shillings, or Six Pounds Currency; and may be inoculated any Month in the Year, *July* and *Auguſt* excepted.

I ſhall be obliged to thoſe who will favour me with their Cuſtom; and they may depend on being carefully and tenderly dealt with, by

Their humble Servant,
HENRY STEVENSON.

N. B. Thoſe who intend coming, are deſired not to change their Manner of Diet, or uſe any Preparation before hand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwiſe.

June 25, 1769.

THE FULLING-MILL at the Mouth of *Patuxent* River, is now provided with a good Fuller, and ready for Work; ſuch as fulling, dying and preſſing all Sorts of Clothes and Worſted Stuffs, ſcarlet and blue excepted, unleſs dyed before ſent to the Mill.—As the inſupportable Inconvenience attending the Collection of a Number of ſmall Debts, from various diſtant Parts of the Country, muſt be obvious to every one; and as this expenſive Undertaking was begun and proſecuted, principally to encourage the Manufacture of Woollen Country-Cloth, at a Time when the oppreſſive Meaſures, lately adopted and purſued by the Mother-Country, render it indiſpenſably neceſſary, for our own Well-being, that every Individual ſhou'd manufacture as much as in his Power lies.—It is hoped that no Offence will be given if the Proprietors deſire the Money for fulling, &c. to be ſent by the Perſon who is to receive the Cloth, as it is abſolutely neceſſary to ſupport the Work.——All Perſons who will favour me with their Cloth, may depend on having it finiſhed off in the beſt Manner, and with all poſſible Diſpatch; and to prevent Miſtakes the Owner of every Piece of Cloth, is requeſted to put the initial Letters of his or her Name in the Web.

(tf) WILLIAM SCOTT.

RAN away from the Subſcriber, living on *Kent-Iſland*, in *Queen-Anne's* County, on Monday *September* 25, a yellow Negro Man, named FILL, about 23 Years of Age, middle Stature, and is very talkative: Had on, when he went away, an old Felt Hat, blue Jacket, and a ſtriped ditto without Sleeves, Country made Shirt, ſtriped Country Cloth Breeches. As there is a Canoe taken from the lower End of the Iſland, it is ſuppoſed he has made over for Thomas's Point.——Whoever takes up the ſaid Negro, and ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall receive, if taken on the Iſland Fifteen Shillings; if out of the County Forty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges if brought home, paid by JOHN COCKEY.

TO THE
PUBLIC.

THE Want of a proper SCHOOL for the Inſtruction of Youth, ſeverely felt by the Inhabitants of *Frederick* County, induces them to ſubmit the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY to the Conſideration of the Benevolent and Generous, which it is earneſtly hoped will meet the Approbation and Encouragement of all thoſe who wiſh to ſee Science flouriſh in every Part of *Maryland.*

The Funds appropriated by Act of Aſſembly to the Public School in *Frederick* County, being inſufficient to erect the neceſſary Buildings, it is propoſed by this Lottery, to raiſe Nine Hundred Dollars, to aid that Deficiency.

To conſiſt of Three Thouſand TICKETS, *at Two Dollars each; Eight Hundred and Fifty-two of which will be fortunate, without any Deduction,* viz.

1 Prize of	250	Dollars, is	250	Dollars.
1 - -	200	- - -	200	
2 - -	125	- - -	250	
2 - -	100	- - -	200	
6 - -	50	- - -	300	
8 - -	25	- - -	200	
12 - -	15	- - -	180	
40 - -	10	- - -	400	
780 - -	4	- - -	3120	
			900 Sm rais'd.	
Prizes, 852				
Blanks, 2148				
3000 Tickets, 2 Dollars each,			6000	Dollars.

By the above SCHEME, there are a little more than Two Blanks and an Half to a Prize, and the Profits retained, are Fifteen *per Cent.* on the whole.

When the Tickets are diſpoſed of, the Drawing is to begin (previous Notice of which to be given in the MARYLAND GAZETTE) in the Court-Houſe of the ſaid County, in Preſence of Six of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend.

The Managers are, Meſſieurs *Jonathan Wilſon, Thomas Bowles, George Murdock, Joſeph Wood, Thomas Price, Caſper Shaaf, Charles Beattey, Samuel Beall*, jun. *Normand Bruce, Andrew Heugh, Eneas Campbell, Chriſtopher Edelin, John Cary, Lodowick Weltner, Peter Groſs, Thomas Neill, Nicholas Tice, Samuel Hughes, Thomas Johns*, and *James Brand*, who are to give Bond, and be on Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A Liſt of the Prizes to be publiſhed in the MARYLAND GAZETTE, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed, and the Prizes to be paid off, without any Deduction.

N. B. Any Money paſſing current in the Province, to be received in the Sale of the Tickets, and the ſame to be accepted in Payment of the Prizes drawn by the fortunate Adventurers.

*** TICKETS *to be had of any of the Managers, and at the* Printing-Office, *in* Annapolis.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT,
GOLDSMITH *and* JEWELLER *in* Weſt-Street, Annapolis.

HAVING purchaſed the Servants lately belonging to Mr. *Knapp* with all the Materials for carrying on the Watch and Clock-making Buſineſſes hereby informs the Public, that he Repairs all ſorts of Clocks and Watches, in the beſt and moſt approved Manner; and as he has a complete Apparatus for cutting Wheels with more Expedition and Exactneſs than uſual, they may depend on having their Work done in the moſt careful Manner, and on better Terms than heretofore.

He alſo carries on the Goldſmiths and Jewellers Buſineſſes in the moſt extenſive Manner, as he has imported a great Variety of Materials, and has extreme good Workmen for the executing the above Branches. Thoſe Ladies and Gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend that the utmoſt Exertion of his Abilities to merit their Eſteem, ſhall be his whole Study and greateſt Ambition.

N. B. He has a great Variety of ready made Work by him, which he will Sell at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

*** He gives the beſt Prices for old Gold, Silver and Silver-Lace. (tf)

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inſerted the Firſt Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At ſame Place may be had, ready Printed, moſt kinds of BLANKS, viz. COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of ſeveral Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, *&c. &c.* All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neateſt and moſt expeditious Manner, on applying as above.